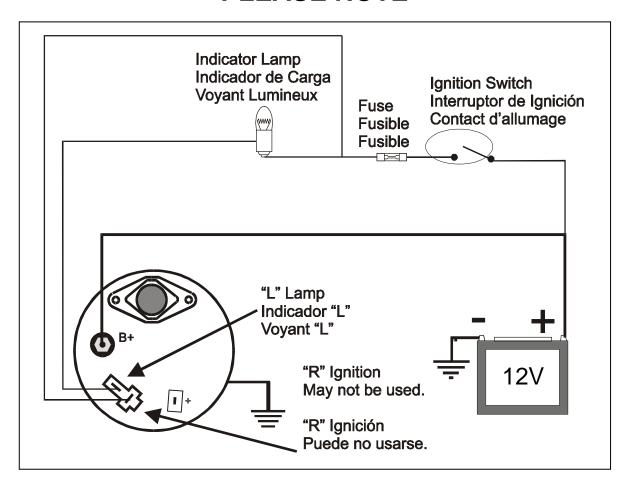
PLEASE NOTE



- 1. The "R" (ignition) lead is not used by many alternators. On these units there will be no connector for this wire in the harness. This is **normal**.
- 2. B+ wire must have battery voltage at all times.
- 3. L (LAMP)wire must have <u>at least</u> 2 volts when the ignition switch is "ON". Lower voltage readings will prevent the alternator from charging. Check for faulty indicator lamp (burned out bulb), and for burned out fuses.
- 4. Most alternator failure are caused by defective/discharged batteries, loose drive belts, or corroded wires. Check for these conditions to prevent a recurring problem!
- 5. The "+" wire may not be used in all applications.